

Geometry and Anguish (after Lorca)

for unaccompanied SSAATTBB choir

José del Avellanal Carreño

2020

Composer's Note

"The two elements that the traveller grasps in the big city are extrahuman architecture and furious rhythm. Geometry and anguish" - Federico García Lorca

'La aurora' (Dawn) is a profoundly bleak poem by Federico García Lorca included in *Poeta en Nueva York* (Poet in New York), a collection written during the author's stay in the United States of America between 1929 and 1930. I found myself captivated and struck by the devastating pessimism and ferocious intensity of the poem, as well as intrigued by its evocative, mysterious imagery and sophisticated language. Aware of the possibilities this work could offer, I focused my efforts on the first two stanzas of the poem, in which the author acts as a passive observer of the desolation and misery of the dehumanized city.

La aurora (excerpt)	Translation	IPA Transcription
<p>La aurora de Nueva York tiene cuatro columnas de cieno y un huracán de negras palomas que chapotean las aguas podridas</p>	<p>The New York dawn has four columns of mud and a hurricane of black doves that paddle in putrescent waters.</p>	<p>la au.'ro.ra ðe 'nwe.βa 'jork 'tje.ne 'kwa.tro ko.'lũm.naʃ ðe '0je.no j un u.ra.'kãŋ de 'ne.γras pa.'lo.mas 'ke ʃã.po.'te.ãn las 'a.γwas po.'ðri.ðas</p>
<p>La aurora de Nueva York gime por las inmensas escaleras buscando entre las aristas nardos de angustia dibujada.</p>	<p>The New York dawn grieves along the immense stairways, seeking amidst the groins spikenards of fine-drawn anguish.</p>	<p>la au.'ro.ra ðe 'nwe.βa 'jork 'xi.me por las ïm.'mẽn.sas es.ka.'le.ras bus.'kãŋ.do 'ẽŋ.tre las a.'ris.tas 'nar.ðos ðe ãŋ.'gus.tja di.βu.'xa.ða</p>
<p>Federico García Lorca from <i>Poeta en Nueva York</i> (1929-30)</p>	<p>translated by Stephen Spender</p>	

Performance Notes

All tempo changes, except when specifically indicated, are sudden.

The final section of the piece features parts that sing in their own tempo, independently of the rest of the choir. A rhythmic staff has been added to the top of the score to indicate the tempo and meter to be given by the conductor.

In the final section of the piece some fermatas in the soprano parts are labeled as 'individual pauses'. This means that each singer may decide how long to hold the pause, creating a sense of fragmentation within the parts.

A boxed fragment with an arrow - e.g. soprano 1 and 2, bar 82 - means that the fragment inside the box is to be repeated through the duration of the arrow.

If necessary, the falsetto bass solos from bb. 31-33 and 63-64 could alternatively be sung by two solo sopranos and a solo alto, respectively.

Written for the BBC Singers in January-February 2020

Duration: c. 5'

Geometry and Anguish (after Lorca)

Federico García Lorca

José del Avellanal Carreño

Soprano

1 *f* *p* *f* (2+2+3) *p*
 tie- ne, tie- ne cua - tro, tie- ne cua- tro co - lum- nas de

2 *misterioso mp* *p* *f* *p*
 tie- ne cua - tro, tie- ne cua- tro co - lum- nas de

Alto

1 *f* *p* *f* *p*
 tie- ne, tie- ne cua- tro, tie- ne cua- tro co - lum- nas de

2 *f* *p* *f* *p*
 tie- ne, tie- ne cua - tro, tie- ne cua- tro co - lum- nas de

Tenor

1 *pp* *p* *sub f*
 La au - ro - ra tie- ne,

2 *pp* *p* *sub f*
 La au - ro - ra tie- ne,

Bass

1 *pp* *p* *poco* *legato PPP*
 La au - ro - ra de Nue- va York mm

2 *pp* *p* *poco* *legato PPP*
 La au - ro - ra de Nue- va York mm

for rehearsal only

pp *p* *f* *p* *f* *p* *ppp*

♩=60

♩=144 (3+2) ♩=60 ♩=54 ♩=60 (2+3)

S.

1 *ff furioso* y un hu - ra - ca(n) - nn que cha - po - te - an - las *p* *dolente mf*

2 *ff furioso* y un hu - ra - ca(n) - nn que, _____ las *p* *dolente mf*

A.

1 *ff furioso* y un hu - ra - ca(n) - nn *pp* *mm*

2 *p* *mm* *tutti pp* *mm*

T.

1 *p* *mm* *falsetto* *tutti pp lontano* ah

2 *pp* *mf* *pp lontano* ah

B.

1 *ff furioso* y un hu - ra - ca(n) - nn de ne - gras pa - lo - ma(s) - - - - s *pp lontano* 3

2 *ff furioso* y un hu - ra - ca(n) - nn de ne - gras pa - lo - ma(s) - - - - s *pp lontano* 3

ff *p* *mf*

20

p *pp* $\text{♩} = 54$ $\text{♩} = 60$ *pp* *p*

1 a - guas po - dri - das, tie - ne cua - tro

S.

2 a - guas tie - ne

1 *p* *pp* *pp* tie -

A.

2 *p* *pp* *pp* cua -

1 *mp* *pp* tie - ne cua - tro

T.

2 *mp* *pp* tie - ne cua - tro

1 *(pp)* lowest note possible *p* *pp* co - lum - nas.

B.

2 *(pp)* lowest note possible *p* *pp* co - lum - nas.

$\text{♩} = 54$ $\text{♩} = 60$ *p* *pp* *mp* *pp* *p*

26 *pp* $\text{♩} = 54$

S. 1 *pp* $5:4$
ne - gras pa - lo - mas

S. 2 *pp* $5:4$
ne - gras pa - lo - mas

A. 1 *p* *pp* $5:4$
ne ne - gras pa - lo - mas

A. 2 *p* *pp* $5:4$
tro ne - gras pa - lo - mas

T. 1 *ppp* *pp*
mm

T. 2 *ppp* *pp*
mm

B. 1

B. 2

$\text{♩} = 54$

pp

31

(3+2)

S.

2

1

A.

2

1

T.

2

1

B.

2

p *mp* *pp* solo

ne - - - - - gras co - lum

p *mp* *pp* gli altri (A.1+A.2)
lowest note possible

ne - - - - - gras co - lum - na(s) - s

ppp *mm*

ppp *mm*

solo
falsetto
mp puro *p* *perdendosi*

a - guas - - - - - de cie - no - - - - -

solo
falsetto
mp puro *p* *perdendosi*

a - guas - - - - - de cie - no - - - - -

mp *pp*

pp 3

37 $\text{♩} = 60$ *ff* *sub mf* $\text{♩} = 72$

S. 1 La au - ro - ra, la au - ro - ra

S. 2 La au - ro - ra, la au - ro - ra

A. 1 *lamentoso* *mf* *tutti (A.1)* *ff* *sub mf*
 - nas po - dri - das La au - ro - ra, la au - ro - ra

A. 2 *tutti (A.2)* *ff* *sub mf*
 La au - ro - ra, la au - ro - ra

T. 1 *ff* *sub mf* *molto*
 La au - ro - ra, la au - ro - ra de Nue - va York

T. 2 *ff* *sub mf* *molto*
 La au - ro - ra, la au - ro - ra de Nue - va York

B. 1 *tutti* *ff* *sub mf* *molto*
 La au - ro - ra, la au - ro - ra de Nue - va York

B. 2 *tutti* *ff* *sub mf* *molto*
 La au - ro - ra, la au - ro - ra de Nue - va York

$\text{♩} = 60$ *mf* *ff* *mf* $\text{♩} = 72$

44 *sub p* $\text{♩} = 60$ *ppp* *pp*

1 *in - - -*

2 *ppp* *p* *pp* *mp*

oh - - - las - - - i(n) - nn - - -

1 *ppp* *p* *pp* *mp*

oh - - - las - - - i(n) - nn - - -

2 *sub p* *ppp* *p* *pp*

las - - - in - - -

1 *ff* *ppp* *p* *pp*

gi - me las - - - in - - -

2 *ff* *p* *mf*

gi - me por - - - las - in - men - sas -

1 *ff* *p* *ppp* *pp*

gi - me por - - - in -

2 *ff* *p* *ppp*

gi - me por - - -

$\text{♩} = 60$ *p* *pp* *mf*

50 *p* *pp* $\text{♩} = 72$ $\text{♩} = 54$

1 *men - sas* *es - ca - le - ras*

2 *es - ca - le - ras* *en - - - tre* *perdendosi*

1 *pp* *f* *pp*

1 *bus - can - do*

2 *poco* *pp* *f* *pp*

2 *men - sas* *bus - can - do*

1 *poco* *pp* *p* *pp*

1 *men - sas* *en - - - tre* *las*

2 *pp* *p* *pp*

2 *en - - - tre* *las a -*

1 *p* *pp* *p*

1 *men - sas* *es - ca - le - ra(s) - ss* *en* *las* *a -*

2 *p* *pp* *p*

2 *es - ca - le - ra(s) - ss* *las* *a -*

$\text{♩} = 72$ $\text{♩} = 54$

pp *p* *pp* *f* *p*

55

delicato
pp *p* **pp** (2+2+3)

1 nar - dos de cie - no

delicato
pp *p* **pp**

2 nar - dos de cie - no

ppp *pp*

1 nn

pp

2 nn

pp *dolente*
mf *pp*

1 co - lum - nas

poco *subito*
pp

2 ris - tas

poco *subito*
pp **ppp**

1 ris - tas

poco *subito*
pp **ppp**

2 ris - tas

pp **mf** **pp** **ppp**

60 $\text{♩} = 60$ $\text{♩} = 54$ (2+2+3) (solo) *f* *lamentoso*

Solo *f* nar - dos_ de an -

S. 1 *pp* *delicato* *p*
de an - gus - tia

2 *pp* *delicato* lowest note possible *p*
de an - gus - tia

A. 1 *f* \leq *ff* solo *mp* *puro* *f*
- (n)ar - dos nar - dos de au - ro - ra

2 *f* \leq *ff* gli altri (A.1+A.2) *pp* *p*
- (n)ar - dos *mm*

T. 1 *pp* *delicato* *p*
de an - gus - tia

2 *pp* *delicato* lowest note possible *p*
de an - gus - tia

B. 1 *poco* *p* solo falsetto *mp* *puro* *f*
poco nar - dos de au - ro - ra

2 *poco* *p* gli altri (B.1+B.2) *pp* *p*
poco *mm*

$\text{♩} = 60$ $\text{♩} = 54$
f *pp* *mp* *f*
pp

66 *p* *perdendosi* ♩=144 ♩=54

Solo
gus - tia di - bu - ja - da

S. 1 *lontano pp*
mm

2 *lontano pp*
mm

A. 1 *tutti (A.1)* *lontano pp 3*
mm

2 *tutti (A.2)* *lontano pp*
mm

T. 1 *misterioso p*
ne - gra au - ro - ra

2 *misterioso p*
ne - gra an - gus - tia

B. 1 *tutti (B.1)* *misterioso p*
ne - gra an - gus - tia

2 *tutti (B.2)* *misterioso p*
ne - gra au - ro - ra

pp ♩=144 ♩=54 *p*

72

ppp $\text{♩} = 60$ *pp* $\text{♩} = 54$

1 *ppp* *pp*
 in - men - sas a - ris - tas

2 *ppp* *pp*
 in - men - sas a - ris - tas

1 *ppp* *pp*
 in - men - sas a - ris - tas

2 *ppp* *pp*
 in - men - sas a - ris - tas

1 *lontano pp mm* *solo p mm*

2 *lontano pp mm* *solo p mm*

1 *ppp pp* *ppp mm*
 ne - gras a - gua(s) - ss

2 *ppp pp*
 ne - gras a - guas

ppp pp p ppp $\text{♩} = 60$ $\text{♩} = 54$

79 (3+2)

♩=72

♩=54

1
S.

2
S.

1
A.

2
A.

1
T.

2
T.

1
B.

2
B.

pp 3
pa - lo-mas de an-gus-tia_

ppp 3
co-lum-nas in-men - sas
bus-can - do la au-ro - ra
a - ris - tas po - dri - das

(independently from conductor)

p 3
gi-me_

ppp* 3
cua-tro pa - lo-mas
nar-dos de a-ris-tas
que cha - po - te-an_

*individual pauses (see performance notes)

pp 3
di - bu - ja - das, Nue-va York,

ppp 3
cha-po-te - a(n) - mn_

pp 3
es - ca - le - ras, bus-can-do,

pp 3

85 $\text{♩} = 60$

1. S. *ah* mp pp ppp last repeat (hold final note)

2. S. *ah* mp pp ppp last repeat (hold final note)

1. A. *mm* pp hu - ra - cán de cie-no ppp mp pp ppp

2. A. u(n) pp ppp mp pp ppp de cie-no

1. T. tutti ppp mp pp solo p sub. pp f *ah* ppp mm gli altri

2. T. tutti ppp mp pp solo p sub. pp f *ah* ppp mm gli altri

(keep tempo as a section independently from conductor)

1. B. ppp pp mp pp ppp en - tre a - gua(s)

(keep tempo as a section independently from conductor)

2. B. ppp mp pp ppp bus - - can - do

PP ppp mp pp ppp p pp f